

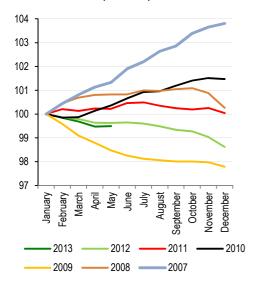
Instant comment

Labour market is still weak

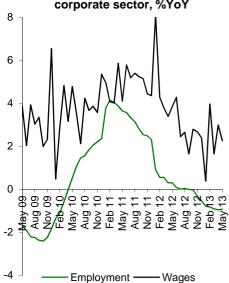
17 June 2013

Employment in corporate sector in May was slightly above, while wages were slightly below expectations. Data do not change our assessment of situation in the labour market and should not be an obstacle to cut rates again in July. In line with our predictions, the figures did not affect the trade significantly.

Employment in enterprise sector (Jan=100)



Employment and wages in corporate sector, %YoY



Average employment in corporate sector in May amounted to 5479k jobs and was marginally (by 1k) higher than in April. In due course, annual employment growth amounted to -0.9%YoY in May and was slightly above our expectations and median of market forecasts at -1.0%YoY. Even though in May a long-lasting tendency of declining employment was interrupted (see the margin chart), we cannot say that this was a persistent effect. This change may be due to longer winter, which caused that some seasonal jobs (e.g. in construction) appeared later than usually (in May instead of April). We still cannot say there was a marked revival of demand for labour in the Polish corporate sector.

Average wage in corporate sector increased in May by 2.3%YoY, slower than it was expected (our forecast at 2.7%, market consensus at 2.6%). Let us remind that one month earlier the data on April's wage growth surprised to the upside (showing 3.0%YoY). However, we argued then that this might have been due to the effect of higher number of working days (in some companies the wage depends on the number of working hours) and next months are likely to bring slower pace of growth – so far this is actually happening. May's data confirms that amid weak demand the enterprises do not rush to increase wages.

Total wage bill in enterprise sector increased in May by 1.3%YoY in nominal terms and by 0.8%YoY in real terms. In the following months we expect the pace of growth of households' labour income to stay at moderate level. This will constrain the pace of growth of consumption, but not that severely as at the turn of 2012 and 2013.

This publication has been prepared by Bank Zachodni WBK S.A. for information purposes only. It is not an offer or solicitation for the purchase or sale of any financial instrument. Information presented in the publication is not an investment advice. All reasonable care has been taken to ensure that the information contained herein is not untrue or misleading. But no representation is made as to list accuracy or completeness. No reliance should be placed on it and no liability is accepted for any loss arising from reliance on it. Forecasts or data related to the past do not guarantee future prices of financial instruments or financial results. Bank Zachodni WBK S.A. its affiliates and any of its or their officers may be interested in any transactions. securities or commodities referred to herein. Bank Zachodni WBK S.A. or its affiliates may perform services for or solicit business from any company referred to herein. This publication is not intended for the use of private investors. Clients should contact analysts at and execute transactions through a Bank Zachodni WBK S.A. entity in their home jurisdiction unless governing law permits otherwise. Copyright and database rights protection exists in this publication. Additional information is available on request. Please contact Bank Zachodni WBK S.A. Rates Area, Economic Analysis Department, ul. Marszałkowska 142, 00-061 Warsaw, Poland, phone +48 22 586 83 63, email ekonomia@bzwbk.pl, http://www.bzwbk.pl

Maciej Reluga Chief Economist +48 22 586 8363 Email: ekonomia@bzwbk.pl

 Piotr Bielski
 +48 22 586 8333
 Agnieszka Decewicz
 +48 22 586 8341

 Marcin Luziński
 +48 22 586 8362
 Marcin Sulewski
 +48 22 586 8342